Noun Charts

First Declension (α-stem declension - Feminine)

Includes 2 exceptions: Words ending with $\eta\varsigma$ ($\mu\alpha\theta\eta\tau\eta\varsigma$, ou, \dot{o}) and $\alpha\varsigma$ ($\nu\epsilon\alpha\nu\iota\alpha\varsigma$, ou, \dot{o})

Second Declension (o-stem declension - Masculine and Neuter)

Third Declension (consonant-stem)

ἀγγελος, ου, ὁ messenger, angel (the context determines the meaning of the word) Declension is similar to υἰος, ου, ὁ son

Declension of

ἀγγελος, ου, ὁ messenger, angel

	Singular	Plural
NOMINATIVE	άγγελος	άγγελοι
GENITIVE	άγγελου	άγγελων
DATIVE	άγγελῳ	άγγελοις
ACCUSATIVE	άγγελον	άγγελους
VOCATIVE	άγγελε	άγγελοι

Declension of

προφητης, ου, ο prophet

First Declension nouns, ending with $\eta \varsigma$ are masculine

Always note the genitive singular. It will give an important clue as to the gender.

	Singular	Plural
NOMINATIVE	προφητης	προφηται
GENITIVE	προφητου	προφητων
DATIVE	προφητη	προφηταις
ACCUSATIVE	προφητην	προφητας
VOCATIVE	προφητα	(προφηται)

Declension of

προσωπον, ου, το face

2nd Declension Neuter Noun

	Singular	Plural
NOMINATIVE	προσωπον	προσωπα
GENITIVE	προσωπου	προσωπων
DATIVE	προσωπῳ	προσωποις
ACCUSATIVE	προσωπον	προσωπα

Declension of όδος and ἐρημος

Both are 2nd Declension nouns but they are feminine in gender. These are exceptions. They are declined as masculine nouns

Declension of

$\dot{\delta}\delta\sigma\varsigma,\,\sigma\upsilon,\,\dot{\eta}\quad \mathsf{path},\,\mathsf{way}$

	Singular	Plural
NOMINATIVE	ὁδος	ὸδοι
GENITIVE	ὁδου	ὸδων
DATIVE	όδω	ὸδοις
ACCUSATIVE	ὁδον	ὁδους

Declension of

έρημος, ου, ἡ wilderness

	Singular	Plural
NOMINATIVE	έρημος	ἐρημοι
GENITIVE	έρημου	ἐρημων
DATIVE	έρημῳ	ἐρημοις
ACCUSATIVE	έρημον	ἐρημους

Declension of

κυριος, ου, ὁ lord

	Singular	Plural
NOMINATIVE	κυριος	κυριοι
GENITIVE	κυριου	κυριων
DATIVE	κυριώ	κυριοις
ACCUSATIVE	κυριον	κυριους

Declension of

τριβος, ου, ἡ path, pathway

	Singular	Plural
NOMINATIVE	τριβος	τριβοι
GENITIVE	τριβου	τριβων
DATIVE	τριβῳ	τριβοις
ACCUSATIVE	τριβον	τριβους